Dating Old English Verse



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External Dating 1/2

- ▶ 657x680 (abbacy of Hilda of Whitby): *Cædmon's Hymn*
- > 735 (death of Bede): Bede's Death Song
- ► Metres of Boethius postdate Boethius translation, ? in turn associated with the reign of Alfred, 871x899
- > 937 (Battle of Brunanburh): terminus post quem for Battle of Brunanburh
- > 973 (coronation of Edgar the Peaceful on Whitsun): Coronation of Edgar
- > 975 (death of Edgar the Peaceful on 8 July): Death of Edgar

External Dating 2/2

- ▶ 991 (Battle of Maldon): terminus post quem for Battle of Maldon
- ▶ 1066 (death of Edward the Confessor on 5 Jan): terminus post quem for Death of Edward
- Late tenth century (Vercelli Book): terminus ante quem for *Dream of the Rood, Andreas, Fates of the Apostles, Soul and Body, Elene, Homiletic Fragment*
- Late tenth century (Exeter Book): terminus ante quem for the poems of the Exeter Book
- c. 1000 (Nowell Codex): terminus ante quem for *Beowulf*, *Judith*
- c. 1000 (Junius Manuscript): terminus ante quem for Genesis A, Genesis B, Exodus, Daniel, Christ and Satan

Non-Metrical, Non-Linguistic Approaches to the Dating of Beowulf

- ▶ Its Danish focus makes composition between 835x886 and 980x1013 unlikely
- ▶ Its "succession" of Beowulf by Wiglaf suggests a composition about 827, when a Wiglaf succeeded a Beornwulf in Mercia (see North)

Etc.; see esp. the Chase volume.

Traditional Chronology

Table 1: Chronology offered as traditional in Cable 1981

Date	Poem	Date	Poem
657-680	Cædmon's Hymn	9th c.	Andreas
735	Bede's Death Song	890-899	Pastoral Care preface, epilogue
8th c.	Leiden Riddle	897	Metres of Boethius
8th c.	Genesis A	937	The Battle of Brunanburh
8th c.	Daniel	942	The Capture of the Five Boroughs
8th–9th c.	Beowulf	10th c.	Judith
8th-9th c.	Exodus	973	The Coronation of Edgar
9th c.	Elene	991	The Battle of Maldon
9th c.	Fates of the Apostles	1066	The Death of Edward
9th c.	Juliana	IIIO	Durham

Fulk's 1992 Relative Dating

Parasiting

Group 1

- **▶** Beowulf
 - ▶ Genesis A
- Daniel
- Exodus

Group 2

- Andreas
- Cynewulf

Group 3

- ▶ Metres of Boethius
- **▶** Judith
- ▶ Late poems

Fulk's 1992 Relative Dating Parasiting

Group 1

BeowulfGenesis A

▶ Daniel

Exodus

Group 2

Andreas

Cynewulf

Group 3

Metres of Boethius

► Judith

Juaith Late poems Contraction After Loss of *h*Group 1

Genesis ADanielBeowulf

- - - · · · · · · · · ·

Group 2

ExodusCvnewu

Cynewulf and AndreasMetres of Boethius

Group 3

Judith

Late poems

Fulk's 1992 Relative Dating

Parasiting

Group 1

- BeowulfGenesis A
- Daniel
- ► Exodus

Group 2

- Andreas
 - Cynewulf

Group 3

- Metres of Boethius
- Judith
- ▶ Late poems

Contraction After Loss of *h*

Group 1

- Genesis A
- **▶** Daniel
- **▶** Beowulf

Group 2

- Exodus
- Cynewulf and Andreas
- ► Metres of Boethius

Group 3

- **▶** Judith
- Late poems

Contraction of Negation/Pronouns

- Genesis A
- BeowulfDaniel
- Connec
- Cynewulf
- Metres of Boethius
- ► The Battle of Maldon

Additional Findings of Fulk 1992

- ▶ Analogical shortening of vowels lengthened by the loss of consonantal *b* suggests *Beowulf* precedes *Andreas*
- Analogical lengthening of stem vowels in inflected forms of diphthongal stems suggests *Judith* and the *Metres* come last
- ► Kaluza's Law suggests *Beowulf* may have preceded *Genesis A*, with all the rest ignoring the law to various degrees
- ► The metrical treatment of syllables associated with tertiary stress suggests *Beowulf* and the Junius 11 poems are earliest, Cynewulf likely following
- Resolution conditioned by syllable weight in internal position suggests *Beowulf* and the Junius 11 poems are earliest, followed by Cynewulf, followed by *Andreas* and the rest

A Chronology of Beowulf Dating

Table 2: A rough chronology of Beowulf dating

Period	Dating
Pre-1980	Overwhelmingly early
1980	The Toronto conference
1980 to 1989	Age of agnosticism
1989 to present	Return to early dating
2007	Roberta Frank's rebuttal
2011	The Neidorf conference
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Some Practical Dating Criteria

Table 3: Selected dating criteria

Feature	Tendency
Alliteration of palatal with velar g	Earlier
Proportion of Sievers types DE	Decreases
Parasiting	Later
Contraction of <i>b</i>	Later
Contraction of negation/pronouns	Increases
Poetic diction	Decreases
Use of rhyme	Late
Alliteration on final lift of b-verse	Late

Earlier or Later?

Ne seleð þē wæstmas eorðe wlitige tō woruldnytte, ac hēo wældrēore swealh hālge of handum þīnum; forþon hēo þē hrōðra oftīhð, glæmes grēne folde. Þū scealt geomor hweorfan, ārleas of earde þīnum, swā þū Ābele wurde tō feorhbanan; forþon þū flēma scealt wīdlāst wrecan, winemagum lāð.

Earlier!

Ne seleð þē wæstmas eorðe wlitige tō woruldnytte, ac hēo wældrēore swealh hālge of handum þīnum; forþon hēo þē hrōðra oftīhð, glæmes grēne folde. Þū scealt geomor hweorfan, ārleas of earde þīnum, swā þū Ābele wurde tō feorhbanan; forþon þū flēma scealt wīdlāst wrecan, winemagum lāð.

(*Genesis A* 1015b-1021)

- ▶ Alliteration of velar with palatal *g*
- ➤ Sievers type E (but we need a larger sample)

Earlier or Later?

Mē þæt wyrd ġewæf, ond gewyrht forġēaf, þæt iċ grōfe græf, ond þæt grimme græf flēan flæsce ne mæġ, þonne flānhred dæġ nÿdgrāpum nimeþ, þonne sēo neaht becymeð sēo mē ēðles ofonn ond meċ hēr eardes onconn.

Later!

Mē þæt wyrd ġewæf, ond gewyrht forġēaf, þæt iċ grōfe græf, ond þæt grimme græf flēan flæsce ne mæġ, þonne flānhred dæġ nydgrāpum nimeþ, þonne sēo neaht becymeð sēo mē ēðles ofonn ond meċ hēr eardes onconn.

(Riming Poem 70-74)

- ► Rhyme
- \blacktriangleright Alliteration on the final lift (71b; but is *græf* authorial?)
- Seems to avoid alliterating between velar and palatal g (best to have the other in final position)
- Misleading sample for metrical types: the poem is mostly A and B, but here we have D2 (72a) and E (73a)

Earlier or Later?

Mē sendon tō þē sæmen snelle, hēton ðē secgan þæt þū mōst sendan raðe bēagas wið ġebeorge; and ēow betere is þæt ġē þisne gārræs mid gafole forġyldon, þon wē swā hearde hilde dælon. Ne þurfe wē ūs spillan, ġif gē spēdaþ tō þām; wē willað wið þām golde grið fæstnian.

Later!

Mē sendon tō þē sæmen snelle, hēton ðē secgan þæt þū mōst sendan raðe bēagas wið ġebeorge; and ēow betere is þæt ġē þisne gārræs mid gafole forġyldon, þon wē swā hearde hilde dælon. Ne þurfe wē ūs spillan, ġif gē spēdaþ tō þām; wē willað wið þām golde grið fæstnian.

(Battle of Maldon 29–35)

- Palatal g in the final lift of a line alliterating on velar g (32)
- ▶ IX DI (33b), otherwise AB

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